Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

ADDINOL PTFE Lubricating Varnish Spray

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

ADDINOL PTFE Lubricating Varnish Spray

UFI: WJJM-JPFJ-4N6T-6PHS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Aerosol - Lubricant, lubrifiants and release products.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Company name:	ADDINOL Lube Oil GmbH 4609	
Street:	Am Haupttor	
Place:	D-06237 Leuna	
Telephone:	+49 (0) 3461 845-0	Telefax: +49 (0) 3461 845-555
E-mail:	info@addinol.de	
Contact person:	Application Technology	
Internet:	www.addinol.de	
Responsible Department:	ADDINOL Application Technology	

Supplier

Company name:	ETL Fluid Experts Ltd.
Street:	Grimbald Crag Road
Place:	GB-HG5 8PY Knaresborough, North Yorkshire
Telephone:	+44 (0)1423 522911
E-mail:	sales(@)etlfe.com
Internet:	https://www.etlfluidexperts.com/

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+44 (0)1423 522911 - This number is serviced during office hours.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Aerosol 1; H222-H229
Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Eye Dam. 1; H318
STOT SE 3; H336
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane
propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate recycling or disposal facility.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop.

Additional advice on labelling

Product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC regulations or the corresponding national laws.

2.3. Other hazards

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)			
106-97-8	butane			45 - 50 %
	203-448-7	601-004-00-0		
	Flam. Gas 1, Liquefied gas; H220 H280			
74-98-6	propane			20 - 25 %
	200-827-9	601-003-00-5		
	Flam. Gas 1, Liquefied gas; H220 H280			
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane			12,5 - < 15 %
	921-024-6		01-2119475514-35	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H225 H315 H336 H304 H411			
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol			10 - 12,5 %
	200-661-7	603-117-00-0		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336			
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer			< 5 %
	500-687-1		01-2119968574-23	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3, STOT SE 3; H226 H315 H318 H335 H336			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
	921-024-6	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane	12,5 - < 15 %
	inhalation: LC50 = > 25,2 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2800 - 3100 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg		
67-63-0	200-661-7	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	10 - 12,5 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 47,5 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = 12800 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5280 mg/kg		
162303-51-7	500-687-1	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer	< 5 %
	oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg		

Further Information

DMSO-Extrakt < 3 %, IP 346.

DMSO-Extract < 3 %; IP 346. Classification system: The classification corresponds to the current EC lists and is completed by information from specialist literature and company information.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. Position and transport victim on their side. In case of respiratory distress, bring into semi-upright, seated position. Self-protection of the first aider. Change contaminated clothing. Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.

After inhalation

Move victim to fresh air. Put victim at rest and keep warm. Seek medical attention if problems persist. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

following inhalation: drowsiness. Headache. Nausea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Carbon monoxide Nitrogen oxides (NO_x). carbon black.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear chemical resistant suit.

Additional information

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Contaminated fire-fighting water must be collected separately. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. The vapours are heavier than air and can accumulate in high concentrations on the ground, in cavities, channels and cellars. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Other information

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Section 12: Ecological Information (non-mandatory)
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work in well-ventilated zones or use proper respiratory protection. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sneeze at the workplace.

Further information on handling

People who suffer from asthma, allergies, chronic or recurring respiratory illnesses must not be deployed in processes, which use this substance.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity. Keep container tightly closed in a cool place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Please note: TRG 300, aerosol directive (75/324/EEC).

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Keep away from: Oxidizing agents.

Further information on storage conditions

Recommended storage temperature: 5 - 40°C. Do not store at temperatures over: 50°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Further information: see technical data sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
106-97-8	Butane	600	1450		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		750	1810		STEL (15 min)	WEL
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	400	999		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		500	1250		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2035 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	773 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	608 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	127 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	5,43 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,625 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,625 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer	
Freshwater		0,08 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		2,25 mg/l
Marine water		0,008 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		0,069 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,007 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		65 mg/l
Soil		0,017 mg/kg

Additional advice on limit values

Source: TRGS 900

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed safety glasses. German Industry Norms (DIN) / European Norms (EN): EN 166

Hand protection

Tested protective gloves are to be worn: German Industry Norms (DIN) / European Norms (EN): EN ISO 374

Duration of wearing with permanent contact: 480 min
Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber).
Thickness of glove material: 0.7 mm.

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): 30 min
Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber).
Thickness of glove material: 0.4 mm

Protect skin by using skin protective cream.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Change contaminated clothing. Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.

Respiratory protection

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn. Breathing protection with filter against organic gases and vapours type A - boiling point > 65°C: A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	gaseous
Colour:	whitish
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	not determined

		Test method
Melting point/freezing point:	not applicable	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	< -20 °C	
Flammability:	not applicable	
Lower explosion limits:	0,6 vol. %	
Upper explosion limits:	15 vol. %	
Flash point:	< -20 °C	DIN EN ISO 2592
Auto-ignition temperature:	> 200 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature:	not determined	
pH-Value:	not applicable	
Viscosity / kinematic:	not applicable	
Water solubility: (at 20 °C)	insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents		
No data available		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available	
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	not determined	
Density (at 20 °C):	0,610 g/cm³	DIN 51757
Relative vapour density:	not determined	
Particle characteristics:	No data available	

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop.

Sustained combustibility:	No data available
Self-ignition temperature	
Solid:	not applicable
Gas:	not applicable

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.2. Chemical stability

The mixture is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ignition hazard.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep out of the reach of children. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide Nitrogen oxides (NOx). carbon black.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mixture not tested.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation gas) > 20000 ppm

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane				
	oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rat		
	dermal	LD50 > 2800 - 3100 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1977)	The acute toxicity of SBP 100/140 was de
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 > 25,2 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1988)	Group of rats were exposed to test subst
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol				
	oral	LD50 5280 mg/kg	Rat		
	dermal	LD50 12800 mg/kg	Rabbit		
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 47,5 mg/l	Rat		
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer				
	oral	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (2013)	OECD Guideline 423

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane; propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prolonged/repetitive skin contact may cause skin defattening or dermatitis.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

Further information

If handled with proper care and at intended use, the product does not cause any harmful effects acc. to our experiences and available information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
106-97-8	butane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	49,9 mg/l	96 h	Fish, no other information	United States Environmental Protection A	The Ecosar class program has been develo
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	19,37 mg/l	96 h	Algae	USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	69,43 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia sp.	USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.
74-98-6	propane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	49,9 mg/l	96 h	Fish, no other information	United States Environmental Protection A	The Ecosar class program has been develo
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	19,37 mg/l	96 h	Algae	USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	69,43 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia sp.	USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	11,40 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)		
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	10 - 30 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	3 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna		
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	2,045 mg/l	28 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010)	The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	1 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	SIDS Initial Assessment Report For SIAM	OECD Guideline 211
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	10000 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Publication (1983)	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	1000 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	13299 mg/l	2 d	Daphnia magna		
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	1740 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Aquatic Toxicology and. Hazard Assessmen	other: test methods described by the U.S
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	225 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	SIDS Initial Assessment Report For SIAM	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	1300 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry,	other: ASTM 1984: Standard E729-80 and A

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not easily bio-degradable (according to OECD-criteria). Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Mixture not tested.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
106-97-8	butane	1,09
74-98-6	propane	1,09
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	0,05
162303-51-7	Titanium (IV) butoxide polymer	0,84

12.4. Mobility in soil

Product is easily volatile. Product is difficult to dissolve in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Do not open container by force. Must not be disposed of with domestic refuse. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160504 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1

Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0
Transport category:	2
Tunnel restriction code:	D

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1

Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1

Special Provisions:	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959
Limited quantity:	1000 mL
Excepted quantity:	E0
EmS:	F-D, S-U

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1

Special Provisions:	A145 A167 A802
Limited quantity Passenger:	30 kg G
Passenger LQ:	Y203
Excepted quantity:	E0
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	203
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	75 kg
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	203
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	150 kg

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Warning: flammable gases.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 28, Entry 29, Entry 40, Entry 75

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions:	97,851 % (596,89 g/L)
Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes:	97,851 % (596,89 g/L)
Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Additional information

Please note: 850/2004/EC, 79/117/EEC, 689/2008/EC, 2008/47/EC

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).
Water hazard class (D):	2 - obviously hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 5,6,8,9,12,13,15,16.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Gas: Flammable gases
Aerosol: Aerosols
Liquefied gas
Flam. Liq: Flammable liquids
Asp. Tox: Aspiration hazard
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Eye Dam: Eye damage
Eye Irrit: Eye irritation
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Aquatic Chronic: Chronic aquatic hazard
For abbreviations and acronyms, see: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, chapter R.20 (Table of terms and abbreviations).
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ; ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimates; bw - Body weight; CAO - Cargo Aircraft Only; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DNEL - Derived No-Effect Level; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); EG - European Union; EN - European standards; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n;o;s; - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self- Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1; H222-H229	
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Eye Dam. 1; H318	
STOT SE 3; H336	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)